## Financial Control Environment Trend Indicators, Quarter 4, 2023/24

Appendix 1

TfL Audit and Assurance Committee 5 June 2024



# Budget accuracy Q4, 2023/24

TfL continues to deliver very close to Budget, demonstrating the robustness of its Budget in financial control.

Total revenue is £28m higher than Budget, with higher revenue grants more than offsetting lower other operating income. Other operating income is lower than Budget mainly from lower roads enforcement and charge income. Passenger income is £63m higher than Budget, which is offset by lower revenue top up from Government.

Operating costs are  $\pounds$ 42m lower than Budget. We are continuing to focus on cost savings, and our core operating costs are in line with our target for the year.

Total TfL capital expenditure (excluding Crossrail construction and Places for London) is  $\pounds 1,871$  m in the full year. This is  $\pounds 164$ m higher than last year, with increased spend in projects including DLR rolling stock ( $\pounds 90$ m), the Piccadilly line upgrade ( $\pounds 215$ m) and Safe and Healthy Streets ( $\pounds 44$ m).

£m					Reven
Quarterly budget	Q1,	Q2,	Q3,	Q4,	£9.200m
accuracy	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	,
Revenue	£2,006m	£2,069m	£2,139m	£2,944m	£9,180n
Variance to Budget	(£16m)	(£3m)	£14m	£33m	£9,160n
					£9,140n
Operating costs	(£1,678m)	(£1,777m)	(£1,843m)	(£2,548m)	£9,120n
Variance to Budget	£33m	£24m	(£30m)	£14m	£9,100n
					£9,080n
Capital delivery *	(£359m)	(£360m)	(£516m)	(£637m)	£9,060n
Variance to Budget	£34m	£59m	(£17m)	£0m	£9,040n
					£9,020m
Cash flow	(£40m)	£23m	(£93m)	£225m	£9,000n
Variance to Budget	(£40m)	£30m	£12m	£129m	,

YTD Budget	Full year,	
accuracy	2023/24	
Revenue		
Actual	£9,158m	
Budget	£9,130m	
Operating costs		
Actual	(£7,846m)	
Budget	(£7,888m)	
Capital delivery *		
Actual	(£1,871m)	
Budget	(£1,946m)	
Cash flow		
Actual	£115m	
Budget	£100m	



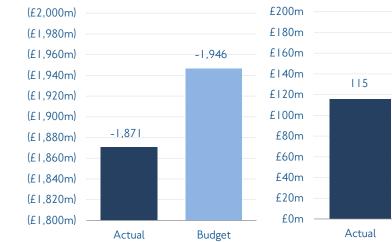
### Operating costs (£m)



### Capital delivery (£m) \*

Actual

### Cash flow (£m)



Budget

100

\* Total TfL capital expenditure excludes amounts relating to Crossrail and Places for London

## Procurement & Commercial activity Q4 23/24

Validated cash releasing benefits: Validated cash releasing benefits for FY23/24 amounted to £61.2M. This exceeded the target of £45m set for the P&C scorecard so this measure was GREEN for the year. In addition there were £91m of cost avoidance benefits delivered. FY24/25 targets are in the process of being set.

#### Retrospective spend:

Retrospective spend for Q4 amounts to £69.2M, with the largest individual supplier being Cubic Transportation Systems (£8.4M).

#### Over threshold single sources by volume:

The % of over threshold single sources for the year was 1.20% which means the measure was GREEN for the year (target = 1.2%; floor = 1.5%).

#### Commercial Assurance

Meeting (CAM) submission compliance

CAM compliance (where CAM submissions are on time and meet the governance requirements) was 76.4% for FY23/24. This measure was **AMBER** for the year (target = 80%; floor = 75%). Stretch targets have been set for FY24/25 (target = 82%; floor = 77%).

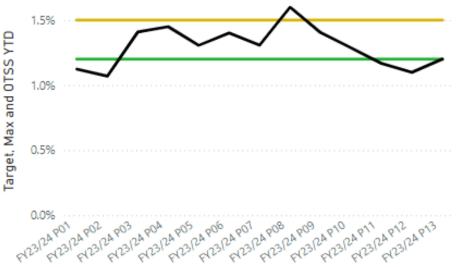
## Cash Releasing Benefits Validated Per Period (£M)

Increase
 Decrease
 Total





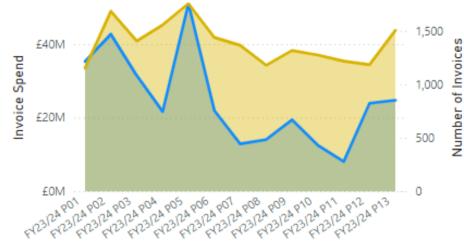




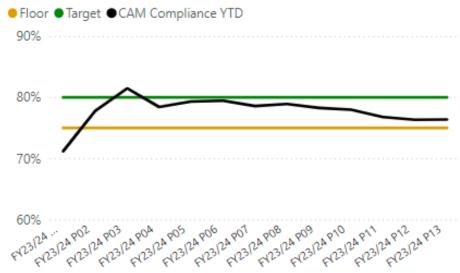
Single source approval period

## **Retrospective Spend**

Invoice Spend
 Number of Invoices



# Payment period Commercial Approvals Meeting Compliance by Period



CAM meeting period

## Processing payments metrics, Q4 23/24

Open items indicate the extent to which the balance on your accounts are accurate thus allowing for the actual reconciling items on the account to be revealed. Reconciling the accounts is a particularly important activity because it is an opportunity to check for fraudulent activity and to prevent financial statement errors.

Value of open items > 30 days on the bank reconciliation sits at £5.48m for Q4. The volume of open items in Q4 > 30 days sits at 2,852.

Automated Posting % measures the proportion of transactions which are automatically reconciled in SAP. Manually checking and matching transactions and preparing / posting journals is time consuming and increases the risk of error and inconsistency.

The volume of automatic postings for Q4 is now at 81% slightly down from 82% in Q3.

The percentage of SME payments meeting the 10 day terms has increased this quarter by 1.7% to 89.7%, although still slightly below the 90% target. The results are on an upwards trajectory this quarter, with incremental improvements each period – P12 (91%) and P13 (91.2%) both over the 90% target

#### Quarterly Figures

£m	Q123/24	Q2 23/24	Q3 23/24	Q4 23/24
Open Items < 30 days (£m Value)	8.71	14.78	7.95	11.50
Open Items > 30 days (£m Value)	(0.27)	(1.56)	3.91	(5.48)
Open Items < 30 days (Volume)	4 19	224	327	339
Open Items > 30 days (Volume)	2,116	1,884	2, 184	2,852
Automated Postings %				
Automated	10,558	11,986	12,462	15,425
Manual	2,451	2,454	2,284	2,868
Automated	77%	80%	82%	8 1%
Manual	23%	20%	18%	19%
Target	85%	85%	85%	85%





